

1. **What is the value Supply Chain brings to health care providers?**
 - a. Cost reduction
 - b. Improve clinical outcomes
 - c. Reduce risk
 - d. Improve productivity
 - e. **All of the above**

2. **True or False: The five primary Supply Chain functions are: sourcing, buying, receiving, paying, and program management.**
 - a. **True**
 - b. False

3. **Which of the following is a purchasing measure of efficiency?**
 - a. Cost of product
 - b. Contract compliance
 - c. **Cost per order**
 - d. Inventory turns

4. **Which activity below is NOT included in the Receiving (Logistics) function?**
 - a. Returns management
 - b. Warehousing
 - c. Fleet management
 - d. **IT development**

5. **Supply Chain's responsibilities may include everything EXCEPT:**
 - a. All additional non-payroll expenses
 - b. Purchased services
 - c. Medical devices and supplies
 - d. Pharmaceutical supplies
 - e. **Direct payroll expenses**

6. Which of the following is a program typically managed by supply chain?
- a. Clinical Engineering
 - b. P-Card
 - c. Linen
 - d. Facilities
7. Sourcing is at the HUB of which process below:
- a. Making decision for clinicians
 - b. Educating clinicians on how to perform a specific procedure
 - c. Facilitating the decision of specific temporary help employees
 - d. Including any/all stakeholders who are part of the decision-making process
8. Which groups are responsible for patient care?
- a. Manufacturers, trade partners, suppliers, hospitals
 - b. GPOs, distributors, nurses
 - c. Nurses, GPOs
 - d. Warehousing departments, providers, GPOs, manufacturers
 - e. All of the above
9. What are the 3 supply chain departments involved in a three-way match?
- a. Receiving, paying, program managing
 - b. Sourcing, receiving, purchasing
 - c. Purchasing, receiving, paying
 - d. Sourcing, buying, receiving
10. Which statement below is part of the definition of Strategic Sourcing?
- a. Responsible for acquisition of required materials, services, and equipment
 - b. Processes payments to vendors
 - c. Controls the efficient, effective forward and reverse flows of goods and services
 - d. Process of evaluating expenditures, analyzing the landscape of the supply market